

WEINLANDER FITZHUGH

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS WEST BRANCH, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

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WEINLANDER FITZHUGH

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 14, 2020

Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools West Branch, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

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Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools October 14, 2020

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule and pension and OPEB schedules as noted in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of bonded indebtedness are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of bonded indebtedness and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of bonded indebtedness and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools October 14, 2020

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2020, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weinlander Fitzhugh

Our discussion and analysis of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The School District's net position increased by \$562,100 or 4%. Program revenues were \$6,595,623 or 26% of total revenues, and general revenues were \$19,023,829 or 74%.

The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$6,992,905.

Using this Annual Financial Report

The annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District financially as a whole. The *District-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the district-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant fund - the General Fund with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students. The following summarizes the presentation included in this annual financial report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

- District-wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Budgetary Information for the General Fund (Required Supplemental Information)

Pension Schedules (Required Supplemental Information)

OPEB Schedules (Required Supplemental Information)

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the School District's finances is: "Is the School District better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position as a way to measure the School District's financial position. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, student enrollment growth and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the School District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. Other funds are established to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to meet legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other sources of revenue. The School District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds and scholarship funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

District-wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Exhibit A provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Exhibit A	Governmental Activities						
		2020		2019			
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$	11,808,477	\$	11,086,664			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	Ψ	19,327,839	Ψ	17,697,728			
Total assets		31,136,316		28,784,392			
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Related to pensions and OPEB		12,206,862	12,247,38				
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		4,135,682		3,498,009			
Long-term liabilities		48,057,233		46,929,155			
Total liabilities		52,192,915		50,427,164			
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred gain on bond refunding		65,766		83,700			
Related to pensions and OPEB		6,022,614		6,021,130			
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,088,380		6,104,830			
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		13,599,393		10,670,161			
Restricted		1,859,890		1,398,998			
Unrestricted		(30,397,400)		(27,569,376)			
Total net position	\$	(14,938,117)	\$	(15,500,217)			

Exhibit A focuses on net position of the School District. The School District's net position was \$(14,938,117) at June 30, 2020. Capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$13,599,393 compares the original costs, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt requirements and legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

The \$(30,397,400) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015. The effect of this Statement required the School District to report in the summary of net position, a liability of \$35,592,736 for 2020 and \$32,251,591 for 2019.

The School District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. The effect of this Statement required the School District to report in the summary of net position, a liability of \$7,718,526 for 2020 and \$8,580,828 for 2019.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities. Exhibit B provides a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Exhibit B	Governmental Activities							
		2020	2019					
Revenues								
Program revenue:								
Charges for services	\$	177,690	\$	240,686				
Grants and categoricals		6,417,933		6,292,275				
General revenue:								
Property taxes		8,601,144		8,514,945				
State aid		10,171,559		9,587,128				
Other		251,126		529,441				
Total revenues		25,619,452		25,164,475				
Function/Program Expenses								
Instruction		14,281,733		12,805,088				
Support services		7,932,466		7,661,297				
Community services		39,572		35,994				
Food services		1,444,402		1,417,256				
Athletics		353,643		459,072				
Miscellaneous		500		6,933				
Interest on long-term debt		127,254		181,213				
Depreciation (unallocated)		877,782		944,989				
Total expenses		25,057,352		23,511,842				
Change in Net Position	\$	562,100	\$	1,652,633				

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$25,057,352. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs, \$177,690, or by the other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and categoricals of \$6,417,933. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$8,601,144 in taxes, \$10,171,559 in State aid and with our other revenues, such as interest and entitlements.

The School District had an increase in net position of \$562,100. There are two major reasons why this occurred. First, enrollment was better than anticipated and secondly, the district passed a sinking bond in the Fall of 2018. The sinking bond will generate about an additional \$470,000 per year above and beyond what we have received in previous years. The increase in net position differs from the change in fund balance and a reconciliation appears in the financial statements.

The School District's Funds

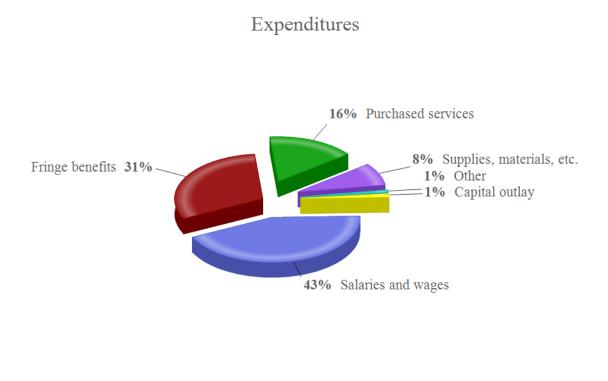
The School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,895,214, which is above last year's total of \$8,765,449. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balances as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

		Fund		Fund		
	Balance			Balance		Increase
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		(Decrease)
General	\$	6,992,905	\$	7,314,657	\$	(321,752)
Special Revenue (Food Service)		1,071,149		736,300		334,849
Debt Service		283,394		298,815		(15,421)
Capital Projects		547,766		415,677		132,089
	\$	8,895,214	\$	8,765,449	\$	129,765

- Our General Fund decreased by \$321,752 due to a planned decrease by spending fund balance on necessary facility upgrades in addition to Capital Project Funds from the Sinking Bond.
- Our Special Revenue Fund increased by \$334,849 due to significantly more revenue generated by serving more meals during the Unanticipated School Closure related to COVID 19.
- Our Debt Service Fund decreased by \$15,421 due to a result of greater principle and interest payments on Debt Retirement than revenue received through tax collections.
- Our Capital Projects Fund increased by \$132,089 due to uncompleted projects related to COVID 19.

As the graph below illustrates, the largest portions of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and fringe benefits. The School District by nature is a labor intensive organization.



 2020	2019		
\$ 9,302,858	\$	9,613,594	
6,653,541		6,800,164	
3,517,748		2,879,231	
1,700,785		1,302,095	
268,082		745,038	
266,812		451,498	
\$ 21,709,826	\$	21,791,620	
\$	\$ 9,302,858 6,653,541 3,517,748 1,700,785 268,082 266,812	\$ 9,302,858 \$ 6,653,541 3,517,748 1,700,785 268,082 266,812	

Expenditures are up approximately \$81,794 or 1% over the prior year primarily due to construction projects that are occurring throughout the district and salary enhancements because of contractual obligations negotiated based on student enrollment.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget to reflect changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements. Changes to the General Fund original budget were as follows:

- Final budgeted revenues were increased by \$1,283,057 due to increased enrollment over budgeted.
- Final budgeted expenditures were increased by \$657,478 due to deliberate general fund spending on building projects and upgrades.
- Budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$871,820 due to a reduction in State Aid due to COVID19 along with a decline in local revenues resulting in early school year closure.
- Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$1,905,202 due to several facility projects suspended due to COVID19.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the School District had \$19,327,839 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and disposals) of 9% from last year.

	 2020	 2019
Land	\$ 431,424	\$ 377,684
Construction in progress	1,678,053	864,564
Buildings and improvements	31,156,534	31,125,794
Buses and other vehicles	2,687,165	2,687,165
Furniture and equipment	 14,146,502	 12,536,578
Total capital assets	50,099,678	47,591,785
Less accumulated depreciation	 30,771,839	 29,894,057
Net capital assets	\$ 19,327,839	\$ 17,697,728

This year's addition of \$3,348,209 includes various building improvements, technology upgrades, machinery and equipment.

We anticipate capital additions will continue with the upgrading of boilers, roofs and building systems. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>Debt</u>

At the end of this year, the School District had \$5,090,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$6,215,000 in the previous year - a decrease of 18%.

	 2020	 2019
2015 Refunding School Building & Site Bonds	\$ 5,090,000	\$ 6,215,000

Factors Expected to have an Effect on Future Operations

Curriculum and Instruction

The district has been able to maintain and increase programs, including all Career and Technical Education (CTE) programs at the high school, Advanced Placement courses, and academic support programs.

The Mathematics and Language Arts curricula for grades K-12 are aligned to the Common Core State Standards. Both curricular programs have been updated with the purchase of the Pearson/Savvas Realize materials for English Language Arts in grades K-12 and the College Preparatory Mathematics program for Algebra and Geometry; with an expansion planned in the near future for mathematics in grades 6-8, Algebra II, and Precalculus. The Science curriculum has been aligned to the Next Generation Science Standards. Standards have been organized by discipline and taught using Modeling Instruction. Social Studies follows the newly adopted Michigan Standards with instructional materials pulled from open resources including GIANTS (Geographic Inquiry and New Temporal Sequencing in Social Studies) and Michigan Open Book. The district has been able to maintain programs, including all Fine Arts courses, Career and Technical Education (CTE) programs and Advanced Placement courses. Enrollment in online classes through Michigan Virtual University continued to grow throughout the 2019-20 school year. Dual enrollment opportunities and Early Middle College also drew student enrollment.

Professional development offerings at the local level have continued to increase as staff members strive to improve instructional strategies. The West Branch Rose City Area Schools staff is commended for the hard work and dedication that is evident on a daily basis. The district is committed to providing a quality education to all students and sets high academic standards. Teachers are expected to use data on a regular basis to differentiate instruction and increase rigor. Teachers are also expected to make instructional shifts necessary to fully implement new curriculum resources and best practice instructional strategies. Accelerating academic achievement for all students is an expectation at all levels and will be accomplished by strengthening Tier I instruction and providing support for students through frequent progress monitoring, instructional interventions, and extended day and extended year programs.

As our district moved to remote learning due to COVID-19 in March of 2020, staff developed new strategies for reaching our students virtually and through printed packets. Staff contacted students through Google Meets, email, text and phone calls providing instruction and checking on the general well-being of our district families.

The district has invested in technology upgrades including purchase of Chromebooks, BenQ boards, webcams and improved wireless access. Title funding was approved for the purchase of technology to support the needs of our students during remote instruction. We took full advantage of the opportunity granted to us by the state and federal government to increase our technology resources district-wide.

Financially, the district continues to face challenges but has experienced an ease in declining enrollment, however, facility needs are continuing to require attention and need to be addressed.

The biggest negative to the financial future of the district is the continuation of declining enrollment, and the increase in retirement costs and the impact of COVID19. The 2020 21 school year budget is based on a decline of 125 students. The major factor in loss of enrolling students is the declining numbers in the early grades, as fewer students are added each year, with much larger numbers graduating. These large graduation numbers will continue for at least the next few years. Therefore, the enrollment decline and loss of revenue will continue. Also associated with a decline in enrollment is the move to on- line learning brought about by COVID19.

The good economic news for the short term of the District are the sound fiscal management practices. With a little easing up of the finances, a frugal approach is still employed with each decision. This practice is engaged to benefit the long term fiscal stability of the district.

West Branch Rose City Area School District is proud of the fact that the district is fiscally viable, provides excellent instruction for students, exhibits the organizational commitment to improve, and attract School of Choice students, due to quality programs and quality instructors. These goals will continue to be our district's mission

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Office of the Superintendent West Branch-Rose City Area Schools P.O. Box 308 West Branch, MI 48661-0308

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 8,120,703
Accounts receivable	19,986
Internal balance	156
Due from other governmental units	3,416,936
Inventory	133,679
Prepaid expenses	117,017
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation \$30,771,839	19,327,839
Total assets	31,136,316
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Related to pensions	9,873,622
Related to OPEB	2,333,240
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,206,862
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	731,151
Accrued interest payable	42,419
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	1,732,353
Unearned revenue	449,759
Long-term liabilities:	1 100 000
Due within one year	1,180,000
Due in more than one year	4,745,971
Net pension liability	35,592,736
Net OPEB liability	7,718,526
Total liabilities	52,192,915
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Related to pensions	2,871,378
Related to OPEB	3,151,236
Deferred gain on bond refunding	65,766
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,088,380
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	13,599,393
Restricted for debt service	240,975
Restricted for capital projects	547,766
Restricted for food service	1,071,149
Unrestricted	(30,397,400)
Total net position	<u>\$ (14,938,117)</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues				Sovernmental Activities	
		Expenses	OperatingCharges forGrants/ServicesContributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs								
Primary government - Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	14 201 722	\$	0	\$	4 217 269	¢	(10.064.465)
Support services Community services	Ф	14,281,733 7,932,466 39,572	Ф	49,965 0	Φ	4,217,268 0 0	\$	(10,064,465) (7,882,501) (39,572)
Food services Athletics		1,444,402 353,643		65,232 62,493		2,200,665 0		821,495 (291,150)
Miscellaneous		555,045 500		02,493		0		(291,130) (500)
Interest on long-term debt Depreciation (unallocated)		127,254 877,782	. <u> </u>	0 0		0 0		(127,254) (877,782)
Total governmental activities	\$	25,057,352	\$	177,690	\$	6,417,933		(18,461,729)
General revenues: Taxes:								
Property taxes, levied for genera Property taxes, levied for capita Property taxes, levied for debt so State aid	l pr	ojects						6,692,190 515,580 1,393,374 10,171,559
Interest and investment earnings Other								27,462 223,664
Total general revenu	es							19,023,829
Change in net position								562,100
Net position - beginning of year								(15,500,217)
Net position - end of year								\$ (14,938,117)

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

		General	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total	
Assets							
Cash and investments Receivables - net:	\$	7,084,734	\$	1,035,969	\$	8,120,703	
Accounts receivable		17,988		1,998		19,986	
Due from other funds		16,290		858,434		874,724	
Due from other governmental units		3,393,656		23,280		3,416,936	
Inventory		110,964		22,715		133,679	
Prepaid expenditures		40,017		77,000		117,017	
Total assets	\$	10,663,649	\$	2,019,396	\$	12,683,045	
Liabilities and Fund	Bal	ance					
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	668,698	\$	62,453	\$	731,151	
Due to other funds	Ψ	819,934	Ψ	54,634	Ψ	874,568	
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		1,732,353		0		1,732,353	
Unearned revenue		449,759		0		449,759	
Total liabilities		3,670,744		117,087		3,787,831	
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable - inventory		110,964		22,715		133,679	
Nonspendable - prepaid		40,017		77,000		117,017	
Restricted for debt service		0		283,394		283,394	
Restricted for capital projects		0		547,766		547,766	
Restricted for food service		0		971,434		971,434	
Unassigned		6,841,924		0		6,841,924	
		6,992,905		1,902,309		8,895,214	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,663,649	\$	2,019,396	\$	12,683,045	

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 8,895,214
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	50.000 (78
Cost of the capital assets Accumulated depreciation	50,099,678 (30,771,839)
Deferred outflows used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds:	(20,771,007)
Related to pensions	9,873,622
Related to OPEB	2,333,240
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(5,090,000)
Compensated absences	(197,525)
Bond premium	(638,446)
Net pension liability	(35,592,736)
Net OPEB liability	(7,718,526)
Accrued interest payable is included as a liability in	
governmental activities	(42,419)
Deferred gain on refunding	(65,766)
Deferred inflows used in governmental activities are not recognized as current resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds:	
Related to pensions	(2,871,378)
Related to OPEB	(3,151,236)
Total net position - governmental activities	<u>\$(14,938,117)</u>

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Other Nonmajor Governmental	
	General	Funds	Total
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 7,006,762	\$ 1,980,813	\$ 8,987,575
State sources	13,213,058	72,066	13,285,124
Federal sources	1,164,976	2,153,048	3,318,024
Total revenues	21,384,796	4,205,927	25,590,723
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	12,526,490	0	12,526,490
Support services	9,090,024	213	9,090,237
Community services	39,572	0	39,572
Capital outlay	53,740	383,278	437,018
Food services	0	1,931,391	1,931,391
Debt service:	0	1 125 000	1 125 000
Principal Interest and other	0 0	1,125,000	1,125,000
Miscellaneous	0	310,750 500	310,750 500
Miscenaneous			
Total expenditures	21,709,826	3,751,132	25,460,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(325,030)	454,795	129,765
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers in	15,568	12,290	27,858
Operating transfers out	(12,290)	(15,568)	(27,858)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,278	(3,278)	0
Net change in fund balance	(321,752)	451,517	129,765
Fund balance - beginning of year	7,314,657	1,450,792	8,765,449
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 6,992,905	\$ 1,902,309	\$ 8,895,214

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 129,765
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(877,782) 2,507,893
Repayment on bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	1,125,000
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences is the treatment of long- term debt and related items as follows:	1,123,000
Amortization of bond premium Amortization of gain on refunding	174,121 17,936
Increases in compensated absences are reported as a reduction in expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental fund in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6	(3,356)
Accrued interest is reported as a reduction in expenses on the Statement of Activities	9,373
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities are not recognized as or require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	
Pension related items OPEB related items	(2,865,268) 344,418
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 562,100

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

Agency Funds
<u>\$ 295,765</u>

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools (School District) conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The West Branch-Rose City Area Schools (School District) was consolidated in 1966. The School District is governed by an elected Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. The School District has no component units.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes; (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

District-wide Statements - The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include; (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted State aid.

Fund-based Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund statements also are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the School District pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and is recorded as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and any asset susceptible to theft. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	10-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	8-20 years
Technological equipment	5-10 years
Other equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles and buses	5-10 years

Compensated Absences - The liability for compensated absences reported in the district-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Long-term Obligations - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Defined Benefit Plan - For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Systems (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Equity - The fund balance classifications are reported on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources in governmental funds. The fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The School District's nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid expenditures. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report restrictions on fund balances for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Committed fund balance represents funds formally set aside by the School District for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by the Board of Education through the budget process or official board action.

Assigned fund balance would represent tentative management plans that are subject to change which at the present time the School District does not have any assigned fund balance. The School District's intent would be to spend uncommitted/unassigned funds prior to the use of committed funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For district-wide financial statements, the School District reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. The School District also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension and other postemployment benefits contributions made after the measurement date. This amount will reduce the net pension liability in the following year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. There are deferred gain on bond refunding and pension and other postemployment benefits contributions reported in the district-wide statement of net position. The School District reports deferred inflows of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and other postemployment benefits to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. Deferred inflows of resources also includes revenue received relating to Section 147c state aid deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period.

Use of Estimates - The process of preparing the basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Property taxes - For the taxpayers of the School District, properties are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. The final collection date is February 28, after which uncollected taxes are added to the County delinquent tax rolls.

<u>NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

State Aid - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the State of Michigan adopted a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the foundation allowance was based on the average pupil membership counts taken in February 2019 and October 2019.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period (currently the fiscal year) and is funded through payments from October 2019 - August 2020. The local revenue is recognized as outlined in Note 1. Amounts receivable from the State of Michigan at June 30, 2020 relating to state aid is \$1,999,072.

The School District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

Events Occurring After Reporting Date

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the accompanying Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS

The State of Michigan adopted a Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (Act) applicable to all local governmental entities in the state. The law requires appropriation acts to be adopted for General and Special Revenue Funds of school districts prior to the expenditure of monies in a fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

West Branch-Rose City Area Schools follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The School District's Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed budget prior to July 1 of each year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Budgets are adopted to the functional level.
- 4. Appropriations lapse at year-end and therefore cancels all encumbrances. These appropriations are re-established at the beginning of the following year.

A comparison of actual results of operations to the budgeted amounts (at the level of control adopted by the Board of Education) for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplemental Information.

Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the General Fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the School District's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

		Primary					
	(Bovernment	Cu	stodial Fund	Total		
	¢	9 120 702	¢	205 765	¢	0 416 460	
Cash and cash equivalents	2	8,120,703	2	295,765	\$	8,416,468	

As of June 30, 2020 the School District had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, \$7,872,139 of the School District's bank balance of \$8,122,139 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The School District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the School District will do business.

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the School District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Concentration of credit risk. The School District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure by credit quality.

Foreign currency risk. The School District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair value measurement. The School District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the School District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The School District does not have any investments subject to the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Assets not being depreciated:	,			
Land	\$ 377,684	\$ 53,740	\$ 0	\$ 431,424
Construction in progress	864,564	1,653,805	(840,316)	1,678,053
Subtotal	1,242,248	1,707,545	(840,316)	2,109,477
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	31,125,794	30,740	0	31,156,534
Buses and other vehicles	2,687,165	0	0	2,687,165
Furniture and equipment	12,536,578	1,609,924	0	14,146,502
Subtotal	46,349,537	1,640,664	0	47,990,201
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	16,380,017	634,399	0	17,014,416
Buses and other vehicles	2,018,785	133,937	0	2,152,722
Furniture and equipment	11,495,255	109,446	0	11,604,701
Subtotal	29,894,057	877,782	0	30,771,839
Net capital assets being depreciated	16,455,480	762,882	0	17,218,362
Net capital assets	\$ 17,697,728	\$ 2,470,427	\$ (840,316)	\$ 19,327,839

Depreciation expense for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$877,782. The School District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A summary of interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

			Payables						
		General		Food Service		tudent ctivity	20	015 Debt Fund	 Total
Receivables	General Food Service Sinking Fund	\$ 0 819,934 0	\$	16,134 0 0	\$	156 0 0	\$	0 0 38,500	\$ 16,290 819,934 38,500
		<u>\$ 819,934</u>	\$	16,134	\$	156	\$	38,500	\$ 874,724

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

A summary of interfund transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		 Transfers Out					
		 General	Foo	od Service		Total	
Transfers In	General Food Service	\$ 0 12,290	\$	15,568 0	\$	15,568 12,290	
		\$ 12,290	\$	15,568	\$	27,858	

These interfund receivable and payable balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that; (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The interfund transfers resulted from indirect cost reimbursement from Food Service to General Fund and At-Risk breakfast transfer from General Fund to Food Service.

NOTE 6 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also reflect unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, grant and categorical aid payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements amounted to \$449,759.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of governmental long-term obligations for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2019	Additions	etirements d Payments	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020	mount Due Vithin One Year
General obligation bonds Compensated	\$	7,027,567	\$ 0	\$ 1,299,121	\$	5,728,446	\$ 1,180,000
absences		194,169	 3,356	 0		197,525	 0
	\$	7,221,736	\$ 3,356	\$ 1,299,121	\$	5,925,971	\$ 1,180,000

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2020 is comprised of the following issues:

General obligation bonds:

\$10,245,000, 2015 Refunding of School Building & Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$950,000 to \$1,365,000	
through May 1, 2024; interest at 3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 5,090,000
Bond premium	 638,446
Total bonded debt	\$ 5,728,446

Compensated absences (unused sick pay) is calculated using the termination payoff rate of \$85 foreligible certified personnel for every two unused days (maximum 189 days) and 20% of the pay rate

for eligible hourly personnel times the number of unused days (maximum of 104 days). At June 30, 2020, the amount of \$197,525 has been recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

The annual debt service requirements on long-term debt as of June 30, 2020, including interest payments are as follows:

	 General Obligation Bonds							
Year Ended June 30	 Principal		Interest	Total				
2021	\$ 1,180,000	\$	254,500	\$	1,434,500			
2022	1,240,000		195,500		1,435,500			
2023	1,305,000		133,500		1,438,500			
2024	1,365,000		68,250		1,433,250			
	\$ 5,090,000	\$	651,750	\$	5,741,750			

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the SET-SEG risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation. Since the School District began participating in the SET-SEG program, settled claims have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage.

The SET-SEG shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates, operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase workers' compensation excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian of the system.

Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the pension plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	Plan Status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

Option 1 – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Option 3 – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 – Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first worked on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

Final Average Compensation (FAC) - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided – Other postemployment benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

Eligibility – A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Annual Amount – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 were determined as of the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2016, are amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		postemployment
	Pension	benefit
October 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 7.93%
October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 8.09%

The School District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$2,903,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$2,835,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$68,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

The School District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$767,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$714,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$53,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefits, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers:	 September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Total Pension Liability	\$ 83,442,507,212	\$ 79,863,694,444
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 50,325,869,388	\$ 49,801,889,205
Net Pension Liability	\$ 33,116,637,824	\$ 30,061,805,239
Proportionate share Net Pension liability for the	0.10748 %	0.10728 %
School District	\$ 35,592,736	\$ 32,251,591

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of approximately \$4,591,000.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	erred (Inflows) f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 159,538	\$ (148,418)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	(1,140,687)
Changes in assumptions	6,969,083	0
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	313,096	(398,789)
Unearned revenue related to pension portion of section 147 c	0	(1,183,484)
School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,431,905	 0
Total	\$ 9,873,622	\$ (2,871,378)

\$2,431,905, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Amount	
2021	\$ 2,333	,742
2022	1,840	,842
2023	1,133	,368
2024	445	,871
	\$ 5,753	,823

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers:	 September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,925,860,688	\$ 13,932,170,264
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 6,748,112,668	\$ 5,983,218,473
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,177,748,020	\$ 7,948,951,791
Proportionate share Net OPEB liability for the School	0.10753 %	0.10795 %
District	\$ 7,718,526	\$ 8,580,828

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$423,000.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	erred (Inflows) f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 0	\$ (2,832,145)
Net difference between projected and actual plan investment	0	(134,229)
Changes of assumption	1,672,448	0
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	124,534	(184,862)
School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 536,258	 0
Total	\$ 2,333,240	\$ (3,151,236)

\$536,258, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Amount	
2021	\$	(360,997)
2022		(360,997)
2023		(302,073)
2024		(211,789)
2025		(118,398)
	\$	(1,354,254)

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for Pension - 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Investment rate of return for OPEB - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%

Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Experience study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2018. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95% net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit -7.5% for year one and graded to 3.5% to year twelve.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2018 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Investment Category	Allocation*	Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.5%
Private Equity Pools	18.0%	8.6%
International Equity Pools	16.0%	7.3%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	1.2%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	4.2%
Absolute Return Pools	15.5%	5.4%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0.8%
Total	100.0%	

*Long term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of return - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.14% and 5.37% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

Pension discount rate - A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

OPEB Discount rate - A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

-	Pension		
-	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$46,272,833	\$35,592,736	\$26,738,567

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

-	Other postemployment benefit			
-	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability	\$9,467,932	\$7,718,526	\$6,249,511	

<u>NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity to the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% (decreasing to 3.5%), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other postemployment benefit				
	1% Decrease	Healthcare cost trend rates	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$6,187,231	\$7,718,526	\$9,467,724		

Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are included in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued payroll and payroll liabilities. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and the contributions due funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate.

NOTE 10 - GRANTS

The School District receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the School District's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable fund. Based on prior experience, the School District administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 11 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The School District received approximately 62% of their General Fund revenue from the Michigan Department of Education. Due to the significance of this revenue source to the School District, the School District is considered to be economically dependent.

NOTE 12 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consist of accounts (fees), intergovernmental grants and interest.

A summary of the intergovernmental receivables (due from other governmental units) follows:

State aid and grants	\$ 1,999,072
Federal grants	930,621
COOR ISD	360,630
Other governments	 126,613
	\$ 3,416,936

NOTE 13 - BOND AND SINKING FUND COMPLIANCE

The School District passed in 2018 a sinking fund levy at .67 mills for an eight year period. The activity related to the sinking fund is recorded in the Capital Projects Fund. The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures are included in the School District's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020.

For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 01-95.

NOTE 14 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The School District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly.

The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality	 Taxes Abated
City of West Branch West Branch Township City of Rose City	\$ 53,542 3,107 264
	\$ 56,913

The taxes abated for the General Fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the School District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act.

NOTE 15 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, was issued by GASB in January 2017 and will be effective for the School District's 2021 year end. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus on the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. School Districts with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the School District's 2022 year end. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact the School District. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the duration. The overall financial impact of COVID-19 cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>1'01 the</u>		Juiie 30, 202	<u>U</u>	
	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Duugei	Duugei	Actual	
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 7,124,393	\$ 7,447,566	\$ 7,006,762	\$ (440,804)
State sources	12,464,055	13,490,453	13,213,058	(277,395)
Federal sources	1,385,111	1,318,597	1,164,976	(153,621)
Total revenues	20,973,559	22,256,616	21,384,796	(871,820)
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	10,366,859	10,595,473	10,529,507	65,966
Added needs	2,876,703	2,872,928	1,996,983	875,945
Support services:	, ,	, ,	, , ,	,
Pupil	1,196,081	1,238,654	1,116,510	122,144
Instructional staff	1,134,405	764,727	554,242	210,485
General administrative	387,010	377,926	360,600	17,326
School administrative	1,112,188	1,104,264	1,121,315	(17,051)
Business services	367,788	339,344	335,358	3,986
Operations and maintenance	3,100,111	3,686,600	3,395,502	291,098
Transportation	1,339,762	1,479,654	1,253,370	226,284
Information services	549,410	593,503	572,246	21,257
Athletics	468,725	459,876	380,881	78,995
Community services	43,508	48,338	39,572	8,766
Capital outlay	15,000	53,741	53,740	1
Total expenditures	22,957,550	23,615,028	21,709,826	1,905,202
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,983,991)	(1,358,412)	(325,030)	1,033,382
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	8,300	8,300	15,568	7,268
Operating transfers out	(11,390)	(11,390)	(12,290)	(900)
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	(3,090)	(3,090)	3,278	6,368
Net change in fund balance	(1,987,081)	(1,361,502)	(321,752)	1,039,750
Fund balance - beginning of year	7,314,657	7,314,657	7,314,657	0
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 5,327,576	\$ 5,953,155	\$ 6,992,905	\$ 1,039,750

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.10748 %	0.10728 %	0.10660 %	0.10546 %	0.10498 %	0.11020 %
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$35,592,736	\$32,251,591	\$27,624,745	\$26,312,395	\$25,640,257	\$24,273,823
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll*	\$ 9,431,041	\$ 9,203,060	\$ 8,957,269	\$ 8,298,261	\$ 8,751,899	\$ 9,352,750
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	26.49709 %	28.53521 %	32.42480 %	31.53746 %	34.13343 %	38.53019 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non- university employers)	60.31000 %	62.36000 %	64.21000 %	63.27000 %	62.92000 %	66.15000 %

* The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73,* as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015, the 10 year history will be provided prospectively until a full 10 year history is shown.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Reporting Unit's Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Reporting Unit Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

	2020		2019	<u>2018</u>	2	<u>017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 2,834,66)	\$ 2,924,685	\$ 2,719,937	\$ 2,4	80,787	\$ 2,346,604	\$ 2,044,593
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*	2,834,66)	2,924,685	 2,719,937	2,4	80,787	 2,346,604	 2,044,593
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll**	\$ 9,213,27	5	\$ 9,484,733	\$ 9,051,832	\$ 8,8	26,542	\$ 8,608,188	\$ 9,260,225
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.77	%	30.84 %	30.05 %	2	28.11 %	27.26 %	22.08 %

* Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

** The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73,* as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pensions and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015, the 10 year history will be provided prospectively until a full 10 year history is shown.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	<u>2019</u>	2018	2017
Reporting unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.10753 %	0.10795 %	0.10648 %
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 7,718,526	\$ 8,580,828	\$ 9,429,582
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll*	\$ 9,431,041	\$ 9,203,060	\$ 8,957,269
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	122.18707 %	107.25142 %	94.99116 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (Non-university employers)	48.46000 %	42.95000 %	36.39000 %

* The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 85, *Omnibus 2017*, as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018, the 10 year history will be provided prospectively until a full 10 year history is shown.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Reporting Unit's OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Reporting Unit Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 713,819	\$	767,006	\$ 729,719
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*	 713,819	_	767,006	 729,719
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll**	\$ 9,213,275	\$	9,484,733	\$ 9,051,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.75 %		8.09 %	8.06 %

* Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

** The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 85, *Omnibus 2017*, as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018, the 10 year history will be provided prospectively until a full 10 year history is shown.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2020.

Changes of assumptions: Assumption changes are a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Re	Special venue Fund	Ι	Debt Service Fund				Capital ojects Fund																	
		ood Service		2015 Debt Retirement																				nking Fund	 Total
<u>As</u>	sets																								
Cash and investments Receivables - net:	\$	222,899	\$	305,869	\$	507,201	\$ 1,035,969																		
Accounts receivable		1,998		0		0	1,998																		
Due from other funds		819,934		0		38,500	858,434																		
Due from other governmental units		0		19,651		3,629	23,280																		
Inventory Prepaid expenditures		22,715 77,000		0 0		0	22,715 77,000																		
repart experiences		· · · · ·																							
Total assets	\$	1,144,546	\$	325,520	\$	549,330	\$ 2,019,396																		
Liabilities and	l Fun	d Balance																							
Liabilities		<u>. </u>																							
Accounts payable	\$	57,263	\$	3,626	\$	1,564	\$ 62,453																		
Due to other funds		16,134		38,500		0	 54,634																		
Total liabilities		73,397		42,126		1,564	 117,087																		
Fund Balance																									
Non-spendable - inventory		22,715		0		0	22,715																		
Non-spendable - prepaid		77,000		0		0	77,000																		
Restricted for debt service		0		283,394		0	283,394																		
Restricted for capital projects		0		0		547,766	547,766																		
Restricted for food service		971,434		0		0	 971,434																		
Total fund balance		1,071,149		283,394		547,766	 1,902,309																		
	\$	1,144,546	\$	325,520	\$	549,330	\$ 2,019,396																		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special <u>Revenue Fund</u> <u>Food Service</u>	Debt Service Fund 2015 Debt Retirement	Capital Projects Fund Sinking Fund	Total
Revenues			-	
Local sources	\$ 68,853	\$ 1,396,380	\$ 515,580	\$ 1,980,813
State sources	47,617	24,449	0	72,066
Federal sources	2,153,048	0	0	2,153,048
Total revenues	2,269,518	1,420,829	515,580	4,205,927
Expenditures				
Current: Food services	1 021 201	0	0	1 021 201
Support services	1,931,391 0	0	213	1,931,391 213
Capital outlay	0	0	383,278	383,278
Debt service:	0	0	505,210	505,270
Principal	0	1,125,000	0	1,125,000
Interest and other	0	310,750	0	310,750
Miscellaneous	0	500	0	500
Total expenditures	1,931,391	1,436,250	383,491	3,751,132
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	338,127	(15,421)	132,089	454,795
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	12,290	0	0	12,290
Operating transfers out	(15,568)	0	0	(15,568)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,278)	0	0	(3,278)
Net change in fund balance	334,849	(15,421)	132,089	451,517
Fund balance - beginning of year	736,300	298,815	415,677	1,450,792
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,071,149	\$ 283,394	\$ 547,766	\$ 1,902,309

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness - 2015 Refunding Bonds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

PURPOSE		The School District issued the 2015 Refunding General Obligation School Building and Site Bond Issue on March 28, 2015, in the amount of \$10,245,000 plus a premium of \$1,567,091 for a net issuance of \$11,812,091. The principal and interest on this bond issue is financed primarily from property taxes. The bonds, dated March 28, 2015, which bear interest at 3 to 5 percent are due serially through 2024. The bond proceeds were used to refund the 2005 General Obligation School Building and Site Bond Issue for the purpose of erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to, and partially remodeling, furnishing and re-furnishing, equipping and re- equipping existing school facilities; acquiring, installing and equipping technology for school facilities; replacing bleachers and construction of a press box at the high school football field; and developing and improving sites.				
DATE OF ISSUE		March 28,	2015			
AMOUNT OF ISSUE					\$ 10,245,000	
AMOUNT OF REDEEMED	During prior years During current year			\$ 4,030,000 1,125,000		
BALANCE OUTSTANDING	- June 30, 2020				\$ 5,090,000	
				Requirements		
Fiscal Year	Interest Rate		Principal	Interest	Total	
2021 2022 2023 2024	4.00% 4.00% 5.00% 5.00%	\$	1,180,000 1,240,000 1,305,000 1,365,000	\$ 254,500 195,500 133,500 68,250	1,435,500 1,438,500	
		\$	5,090,000	\$ 651,750	\$ 5,741,750	





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 14, 2020

Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools West Branch, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of West Branch-Rose City Branch-Rose City Area Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools October 14, 2020

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weinlander Fitzhugh





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 14, 2020

Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools West Branch, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' compliance.







Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools October 14, 2020

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, West Branch-Rose City Area Schools, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools' internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



WEINLANDER FITZHUGH

Board of Education West Branch-Rose City Area Schools October 14, 2020

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weinlander Fitzhugh

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified opinion
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	🗌 YES 🕑 NO
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	\Box YES \checkmark NONE REPORTED
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	🗌 YES 🕑 NO
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	🗌 YES 🕑 NO
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ YES ☑ NONE REPORTED
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance of major programs:	Unmodified opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	✓ YES □ NO
Identification of major programs:	
CEDA Number(a) Nome of Eddard Brogram	n or Cluster

<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
10.553, 10.555,	Child Nutrition Cluster
10.559	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: <u>\$750,000</u>

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

~	YES	NO
Ψ.	I L'O	

SECTION II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no matters reported.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2020-001 (Repeat finding 2019-001)

Program

Nutrition Cluster - National School Breakfast and National School Lunch, U.S. Department of Agriculture, passed through Michigan Department of Education. CFDA # 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559.

Criteria

Federal register section 7 CFR Part 210.14b requires School Districts to limit its School Breakfast and Lunch fund net resources to an amount that does not exceed three months of average expenditures.

Condition

The School District's net cash resources exceeded three months of average expenditures at June 30, 2020.

Questioned costs None

Context

The School District did not meet the three months of average expenditure test at June 30, 2020.

Effect

Management did not monitor net cash resources and their spend down plan to ensure that they did not exceed three months of average expenditures. The School District's net cash resources were in excess of three months over expenditures by \$579,162.

Cause

Management did not monitor net cash resources and their spend down plan to ensure that they did not exceed three months of average expenditures. The School District's net cash resources were in excess of three months over expenditures by \$579,162.

Recommendation

We recommend that the School District review their Food Service Fund's net cash resources periodically throughout the school year to ensure that the fund will not have an excess of three months of average expenditures at the fiscal year end and that the School District closely monitors their spend down plan with the Michigan Department of Education. The School District should also take this requirement into consideration when preparing the annual budget and any subsequent adjustments to the budget.

Views of the Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action

The Superintendent, Director of Finance and Food Service Director have met with the Board of Education to seek approval for a couple of kitchen remodeling projects.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2019-001

Audit Finding

The School District did not meet the three months of average expenditures test at June 30, 2019.

Corrective Action Taken

The School District implemented a corrective action plan, but due to the additional funding received with the Unanticipated School Closure Summer Food Service Program, the School District still did not meet the three months of average expenditures test for the current year.

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor <u>Program Title Grant Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Approved Grant Award <u>Amount</u>	(Memo Only) Prior Year <u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2019	<u>Adjustments</u>	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2020	
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Breakfast Program 191970 Breakfast (2018-2019) 201970 Breakfast (2019-2020)	10.553	\$ 436,408 342,522	\$ 362,961 0 362,961	\$ 20,439 0 20,439	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 73,447 274,049 347,496	\$ 53,008 274,049 327,057	\$ 0 0 0	
National School Lunch Program Cash:	10.555								
191980 Snack (2018-2019) 201980 Snack (2019-2020) COVID 19 SFSP 201922 (2019-2020) 191960 Lunch (2018-2019) 201960 Lunch (2019-2020) COVID 19 SFSP 200902 (2019-2020)		39,737 17,850 136,093 773,816 485,044 557,157	36,414 0 670,844 0 0 707,258	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,817 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 35,665 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 37,482 \\ \end{array} $	0 0 0 0 0 0	5,140 17,850 136,093 138,637 485,044 557,157 1,339,921	$3,323 \\17,850 \\136,093 \\102,972 \\485,044 \\557,157 \\\hline1,302,439$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) Entitlement	10.555	98,714	0	0_	0	98,714	98,714	0	
SFSP Operating 190900 191900 200901	10.559	29,854 3,086 138,957	2,810 292 0 3,102	2,810 292 0 3,102	0 0 0	29,854 3,086 0 32,940	27,044 2,794 <u>138,957</u> <u>168,795</u>	0 0 138,957 138,957	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,073,321	61,023	0	1,819,071	1,897,005	138,957	
CACFP Meals 191920 201920 192010 202010	10.558	195,568 185,484 13,438 19,175	150,314 0 10,305 0 160,619	9,704 0 689 0 10,393	0 0 0 0	54,958 142,450 3,822 19,175 220,405	45,254 185,484 3,133 <u>22,172</u> <u>256,043</u>	0 43,034 0 2,997 46,031	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,233,940	71,416	0_	2,039,476	2,153,048	184,988	

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor <u>Program Title Grant Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Approved Grant Award <u>Amount</u>	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures		Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2019		<u>Adjustments</u>		Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)		Current Year Expenditures		Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2020	
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education:														
ECIA Title I - Improving Basic Programs	84.010													
Project 181530-1718 Project 191530-1819 Project 201530-1920	64.010	\$ 822,854 659,000 652,508	65	11,378 59,000 0 70,378		0 213,130 0 213,130	\$	0 0 0	\$	(7,432) 213,130 342,580 548,278		(7,432) 0 535,880 528,448	\$	0 0 <u>193,300</u> 193,300
Title V-Part B: Project 190660-1819 Project 200660-1920	84.358	38,031 40,343	3	37,903 0 37,903	_	0 0 0		0 0 0		128 0 128		128 39,966 40,094		0 39,966 39,966
Improving Teacher Quality Project 180520-1718 Project 190520-1819 Project 200520-1920	84.367	124,447 181,593 127,415	12	20,154 23,993 0 14,147		0 52,998 0 52,998		0 0 0 0		(4,141) 90,501 47,521 133,881		(4,141) 37,503 71,225 104,587		$ \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 0 \\ 23,704 \\ \hline 23,704 \end{array} $
Title IV Part A: Project 190750-1819 Project 200750-1920	84.424	51,907 68,464		31,079 0 31,079		31,079 0 31,079		0 0 0		34,263 0 34,263		3,184 26,073 29,257		0 26,073 26,073
Total programs passed through Michigan Department of Education			88	33,507		297,207		0		716,550		702,386		283,043

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor <u>Program Title Grant Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Approved Grant Award <u>Amount</u>	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2019	<u>Adjustments</u>	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2020	
Passed through COOR ISD: Handicapped Preschool & School Program PL 94-142 IDEA Flowthrough 2018-2019 2019-2020	84.027	\$ 398,220 415,900	\$ 361,686 0 361,686	\$ 134,852 0 134,852	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 134,852 0 134,852	\$ 36,532 415,900 452,432	\$ 36,532 415,900 452,432	
Infant & Toddlers - Early intervention 2018-2019 2019-2020	84.181	10,000 10,000	10,000 0 10,000	10,000 0 10,000	0 0 0	10,000 0 10,000	0 000 0000	0 10,000 10,000	
Total programs passed through COOR ISD			371,686	144,852	0	144,852	462,432	462,432	
Passed through Oscoda County: Title I	84.010	158	0	0_	0	0	158	158	
Total programs passed through Oscoda County			0	0	0	0	158	158	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,255,193	442,059	0	861,402	1,164,976	745,633	
			\$ 2,489,133	\$ 513,475	\$ 0	\$ 2,900,878	\$ 3,318,024	\$ 930,621	

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

WEST BRANCH-ROSE CITY AREA SCHOOLS Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of West Branch-Rose City Area Schools.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credit made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures.

The School District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate to recover costs as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The School District does not have any subrecipients.

NOTE 2 - OTHER DISCLOSURES

Management has utilized the Cash Management System Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.